

The background is a vibrant yellow. It is decorated with several abstract geometric shapes in shades of blue and teal. These include circles, semi-circles, and rounded rectangles, some of which are layered or overlapping. The shapes are scattered across the page, with a notable concentration in the top right and bottom left corners. The text is positioned in the middle-left area of the page.

**Appendix A20.2**  
Hazard Identification  
Record

**Contents**

**Appendix A20.2: Hazard Identification Record ..... 1**

## **Appendix A20.2: Hazard Identification Record**

Table 1: Hazard Identification Record

Risk Event	Source and / or Pathway	Receptor	Source Document	Reasonable Worst-Case Consequence (If Even Did Occur)	Primary / Tertiary Mitigation	Could this Lead to a Major Accident and / or Disaster with Existing Mitigation in Place?	Is the Reasonable Worst-Case Consequence Managed to an Acceptable Level with Existing Mitigation in Place?	If No, What Secondary Mitigation is Required to Reach and Acceptable Level?
<b>Construction Phase</b>								
Ground Collapse	Trench / excavation collapse  Encountering soft ground  Unforeseen ground conditions encountered during construction works  Extreme weather event (e.g. storm-triggered landslide)	Members of the public	Safety in Design (SiD) Assessment  Chapter 14 (Land, Soils, Geology & Hydrogeology)  Chapter 8 (Climate)	Fatality / injury  Disruption to community services or infrastructure	Managed via Concept Design Stage Preliminary Safety and Health Plan and Construction Environmental Management Plan  Ground Investigation and topographical surveys to confirm ground conditions  Trench / excavation depths to be limited  Design developed to facilitate safe methods of work, including provision of sufficient working space. Safe methods of work to be developed by the Designer	Yes	Yes - Considered to be managed to an acceptable level if all mitigation measures outlined are correctly implemented	N/A
Contamination Event – Encountering / Release of Chemical or Biological Substances	Encountering contaminated material during excavation (e.g. soil, asbestos pipes)  Electricity Supply Board (ESB) cables  Non-Native, invasive or poisonous plant species (e.g. Japanese Knotweed)  Dust, vapours, and fumes  Sediment mobilisation	Watercourses  Groundwater  Ecological receptors	SiD Assessment  Chapter 13 Water  Chapter 14 Land, Soils, Geology & Hydrogeology	Fatality / injury  Contamination to environmental receptor	Managed via Concept Design Stage Preliminary Safety and Health Plan and Construction Environmental Management Plan  Pre-construction checks confirm presence of contaminated ground  Utility survey to confirm presence of asbestos pipes  Environmental surveys to confirm presence of invasive or poisonous plant species  Safe methods of work to be developed by the appointed contractor(s)  Where encountered, contaminated materials to be managed appropriately  Materials and substances specified by the Designer / appointed contractor(s) to be used during the Construction Phase could present health and safety hazards. Materials and substances to be carefully considered and managed	Yes	Yes - Considered to be managed to an acceptable level if all mitigation measures outlined are correctly implemented	N/A
Contact with / Damage to High Voltage Power Lines (Overhead or Buried)	Strike of buried power lines during excavation works  Strike of overhead power lines (including Luas, railway) during works	Members of the public	SiD Assessment	Fatality / injury  Fire / explosion  Disruption to community services or infrastructure	Utility surveys to confirm location of electricity cables  Safe methods of work to be developed by the appointed contractor(s) for working in the vicinity of overhead services as per the ESB Code of Practice for Avoiding Danger from Overhead Electricity Lines	Yes	Yes - Considered to be managed to an acceptable level if all mitigation measures outlined are correctly implemented	N/A
Contact with / Damage to Low Voltage Power Lines, Telecom Services and / or Fibre Optic Cables	Strike of buried services / cables during excavation works	Members of the public	SiD Assessment	Fatality / injury  Disruption to community services	Managed via Concept Design Stage Preliminary Safety and Health Plan and Construction Environmental Management Plan  Utility surveys to confirm location of telecom and fibre optic cables  Safe methods of work to be developed by the Designer for working in the vicinity of services	Yes	Yes - Considered to be managed to an acceptable level if all mitigation measures outlined are correctly implemented	N/A

Risk Event	Source and / or Pathway	Receptor	Source Document	Reasonable Worst-Case Consequence (If Even Did Occur)	Primary / Tertiary Mitigation	Could this Lead to a Major Accident and / or Disaster with Existing Mitigation in Place?	Is the Reasonable Worst-Case Consequence Managed to an Acceptable Level with Existing Mitigation in Place?	If No, What Secondary Mitigation is Required to Reach and Acceptable Level?
Gas Explosion	Strike of buried gas mains during excavation works  Leaked gas trapping under pavement slabs	Members of the public  Environmental receptors (ecological site, heritage assets etc.)	SiD Assessment	Fatality / injury  Fire / explosion  Disruption to community services or infrastructure, including structural damage  Irreversible damage to environmental receptors	Managed via Concept Design Stage Preliminary Safety and Health Plan and Construction Environmental Management Plan  Utility surveys to confirm location of gas mains  Ground Penetrating Radar surveys to be undertaken  Safe methods of work to be developed by the Designer for working in the vicinity of services	Yes	Yes - Considered to be managed to an acceptable level if all mitigation measures outlined are correctly implemented	N/A
Contact with / Damage to Combined Sewers	Strike of combined sewers during excavation works	Members of the public  Environmental receptors (watercourses, groundwater, ecological site)	SiD Assessment	Injury  Contamination of environmental receptor from wastewater  Disruption to community services or infrastructure (localised flooding)	Managed via Concept Design Stage Preliminary Safety and Health Plan and Construction Environmental Management Plan  Utility surveys to confirm location of sewers  Ground Penetrating Radar surveys to be undertaken  Safe methods of work to be developed by the Designer for working in the vicinity of services	Yes	Yes - Considered to be managed to an acceptable level if all mitigation measures outlined are correctly implemented	N/A
Contact with / Damage to Mains Water Supply	Strike of water mains during excavation works	Members of the public	SiD Assessment	Injury  Disruption to community services or infrastructure (localised flooding)	Managed via Concept Design Stage Preliminary Safety and Health Plan and Construction Environmental Management Plan  Utility surveys to confirm location of water mains  Ground Penetrating Radar surveys to be undertaken  Safe methods of work to be developed by the Designer for working in the vicinity of services	Yes	Yes - Considered to be managed to an acceptable level if all mitigation measures outlined are correctly implemented	N/A
Road Traffic Related Incident	Works alongside live (including high-speed) traffic  Errant vehicles entering works area  Collision between construction vehicles and public vehicles at site entrances and exits  Restricted visibility at junctions and property entrances  Contact of construction cyclists, pedestrians and those with mobility impairment with the works, or slipping on uneven ground during works on the footpath	Members of the public	SiD Assessment  National Risk Assessment for Ireland 2020  Chapter 6 Traffic & Transport	Fatality / injury  Vehicle fire  Pollution of groundwater/surface water receptors due to fuel spillages, fire water run off  Disruption to community services or infrastructure	Managed via Concept Design Stage Preliminary Safety and Health Plan and Construction Environmental Management Plan  Traffic Management Plan to be implemented including appropriate speed restrictions. Traffic management planned in accordance with Chapter 8 Regulations  Physical segregation of traffic and pedestrians from the works including partial closing of roads and footpaths  Placement of warning signs  Trafficked lanes to be swept regularly  Temporary bus stop locations where necessary  Designer to minimise night work  Safe access to houses, businesses, schools, churches, hospitals, shopping centers, major car parks etc. to be maintained during working hours	Yes	Yes - Considered to be managed to an acceptable level if all mitigation measures outlined are correctly implemented	N/A

Risk Event	Source and / or Pathway	Receptor	Source Document	Reasonable Worst-Case Consequence (If Even Did Occur)	Primary / Tertiary Mitigation	Could this Lead to a Major Accident and / or Disaster with Existing Mitigation in Place?	Is the Reasonable Worst-Case Consequence Managed to an Acceptable Level with Existing Mitigation in Place?	If No, What Secondary Mitigation is Required to Reach and Acceptable Level?
Rail or Luas Related Incident	Derailment of train / Luas  Interaction with transport systems e.g. collision of construction vehicles with Luas	Members of the public	SiD Assessment  National Risk Assessment for Ireland 2020	Fatality / injury  Fire  Pollution of groundwater / surface water receptors due to fuel spillages, fire water run off  Disruption to community services or infrastructure	Traffic management planned in accordance with Regulations. Traffic Management Plan to be implemented  Existing transport systems managed in accordance with relevant standards, codes and plans	Yes	Yes - Considered to be managed to an acceptable level if all mitigation measures outlined are correctly implemented	N/A
Aircraft Related Incident	Flight paths to / from Dublin Airport  Proposed Scheme results in a greater range and magnitude of associated hazard sources and pathways (e.g. pollution, emergency response)	Members of the public	National Risk Assessment for Ireland 2020	Fatality/injury  Fire / explosion  Pollution of groundwater / surface water receptors due to fuel spillages, fire water run off  Disruption to community services or infrastructure	Risk associated with air travel is extensively modelled, regulated and managed closely  The Irish Aviation Authority (IAA) ensures that Irish civil aviation operates to international and European safety standards and systems in accordance with international agreements	Yes	Yes - Considered to be managed to an acceptable level if all mitigation measures outlined are correctly implemented	N/A
Structural Damage / Collapse (Bridges, Retaining Walls, Basements)	Works to existing structures / construction of new structures  Strike of structures by construction vehicles/plant  Vibration from construction activities	Members of the public  Environmental receptors (heritage assets etc.)	ROD Designer Risk Assessments  Chapter 9 (Noise & Vibration)	Fatality / injury Disruption to community services or infrastructure, including structural damage  Irreversible damage to environmental receptors	Structural assessment of existing structures will be carried out to determine their suitability for the intended use and where modifications / repairs to the structure are required  Design developed to facilitate safe methods of work, including provision of sufficient working space. Safe methods of work to be developed by the designer / appointed contractor(s)  Structures designed in accordance with relevant standards  Vibration assessment undertaken	Yes	Yes - Considered to be managed to an acceptable level if all mitigation measures outlined are correctly implemented	N/A
Extreme Weather (Including Snow / Low Temperatures, Storms, Flooding, Drought, High Temperatures)	Localised flooding  Ground collapse/landslides  Poor weather conditions resulting in traffic accidents  Fallen trees  Disruption to services (e.g. trees striking overhead cables)	Members of the public	National Risk Assessment for Ireland 2020  Chapter 8 (Climate)	Fatality / injury  Contamination of environmental receptor from wastewater (flooding)  Disruption to community services or infrastructure	Flood Risk Assessment undertaken to inform design	Yes	Yes - Considered to be managed to an acceptable level if all mitigation measures by design outlined are correctly implemented	N/A
Fire	Vehicle fire (due to road traffic incident)  Wildfire (due to extreme weather event)  Arson	Members of the public  Environmental receptors (heritage assets etc.)	National Risk Assessment for Ireland 2020	Fatality / injury  Disruption to community services or infrastructure, including structural damage  Pollution of groundwater / surface water receptors due fire water run off	Managed via Concept Design Stage Preliminary Safety and Health Plan and Construction Environmental Management Plan  Utility surveys to confirm location of gas mains  Ground Penetrating Radar surveys to be undertaken	Yes	Yes - Considered to be managed to an acceptable level if all mitigation measures outlined are correctly implemented	N/A

Risk Event	Source and / or Pathway	Receptor	Source Document	Reasonable Worst-Case Consequence (If Even Did Occur)	Primary / Tertiary Mitigation	Could this Lead to a Major Accident and / or Disaster with Existing Mitigation in Place?	Is the Reasonable Worst-Case Consequence Managed to an Acceptable Level with Existing Mitigation in Place?	If No, What Secondary Mitigation is Required to Reach and Acceptable Level?
	Gas explosion (utility strike during excavation works)			Irreversible damage to environmental receptor	Safe methods of work to be developed by the designer / appointed contractor(s) for working in the vicinity of services			
Industrial Accidents	Seveso sites  Impact on personnel in the event of an incident occurring at a Seveso site that is located within close proximity to works  Disruption to emergency response due to Proposed Scheme construction works (incl. traffic delays and diversions)	Members of the public  Environmental receptors (ecological site, heritage assets etc.)	National Risk Assessment for Ireland 2020	Fatality / injury  Fire / explosion  Pollution of groundwater / surface water receptors due to fuel spillages, fire water run off Disruption / damage to community services or infrastructure Irreversible damage to environmental receptors	Seveso sites managed in accordance with S.I. No. 209/2015 – Chemicals Act (Control of Major Accident Hazards Involving Dangerous Substances) Regulations 2015  Applicant to consult with Health Service Authority (HSA) where Proposed Scheme falls within the consultation zone of a Seveso site  Traffic Management Plan to be implemented to minimise disruption to emergency response vehicles	Yes	Yes - Considered to be managed to an acceptable level if all mitigation measures outlined are correctly implemented	N/A
Disruption to Emergency Response Vehicles (Fire, Ambulance and An Garda Síochána)	Traffic diversions and / or delays associated with the construction works for the Proposed Scheme	Members of the public  Environmental receptors	ROD Designer Risk Assessments	Fatality / injury  Disruption to community services or infrastructure  Irreversible damage to environmental receptors	Traffic Management Plan to be implemented to minimise disruption to emergency response vehicles	Yes	Yes - Considered to be managed to an acceptable level if all mitigation measures outlined are correctly implemented	N/A
<b>Operational Phase</b>								
Aircraft Related Incident	Flight paths to / from Dublin Airport  Proposed Scheme mainline results in a greater range and magnitude of associated hazard sources and pathways, including pollution associated with the incident or its response	Members of the public	National Risk Assessment for Ireland 2020	Fatality / injury  Fire / explosion  Disruption / damage to community services or infrastructure	Risk associated with air travel is extensively modelled, regulated and managed closely  The Irish Aviation Authority (IAA) ensures that Irish civil aviation operates to international and European safety standards and systems in accordance with international agreements	Yes	Yes - Considered to be managed to an acceptable level if all mitigation measures outlined are correctly implemented	N/A
Structural Damage / Collapse	Strike of structures by vehicles	Members of the public  Environmental receptors (heritage assets etc.)	ROD Designer Risk Assessments	Fatality / injury  Disruption / damage to community services or infrastructure  Irreversible damage to environmental receptor	Structures designed in accordance with and to be maintained in accordance with relevant standards	Yes	Yes - Considered to be managed to an acceptable level if all mitigation measures outlined are correctly implemented	N/A
Extreme Weather (Including Snow / Low Temperatures, Storms, Flooding, Drought, High Temperatures)	Localised flooding  Ground collapse/landslides  Poor weather conditions resulting in traffic accidents  Fallen trees	Members of the public	National Risk Assessment for Ireland 2020  Chapter 8 (Climate)	Fatality / injury  Disruption to community services or infrastructure	Proposed Scheme design developed in accordance with standards, including climate change allowances	Yes	Yes - Considered to be managed to an acceptable level if all mitigation measures outlined are correctly implemented	N/A

Risk Event	Source and / or Pathway	Receptor	Source Document	Reasonable Worst-Case Consequence (If Even Did Occur)	Primary / Tertiary Mitigation	Could this Lead to a Major Accident and / or Disaster with Existing Mitigation in Place?	Is the Reasonable Worst-Case Consequence Managed to an Acceptable Level with Existing Mitigation in Place?	If No, What Secondary Mitigation is Required to Reach and Acceptable Level?
<b>Risk Events Managed by Health and Safety Legislation</b>								
Falling from Height	Excavations  Embankments  Structures e.g. bridges, gantries  Signs, poles, and lightning columns	Construction site personnel	SiD Assessment	Fatality / injury	Managed via Concept Design Stage Preliminary Safety and Health Plan  Design developed to facilitate safe methods of work, including provision of sufficient working space  Ground Investigation survey to confirm absence of soft ground	No	Yes - Considered to be managed to an acceptable level if all mitigation measures outlined are correctly implemented	
Drowning	Work close to watercourses (e.g. Royal Canal, grand Canal, River Liffey etc.)	Construction site personnel	SiD Assessment	Fatality / injury	Managed via Concept Design Stage Preliminary Safety and Health Plan  Safe methods of work to be developed by the Designer for working close/adjacent to watercourses	No	Yes - Considered to be managed to an acceptable level if all mitigation measures outlined are correctly implemented	
Assembly or Dismantling of Heavy Prefabricated Components	Contact with moving plant, machinery and prefabricated components  Demolition activities	Construction site personnel  Members of the public	SiD Assessment	Fatality / injury	Managed via Concept Design Stage Preliminary Safety and Health Plan  Design developed to facilitate safe methods of work, including provision of sufficient working space  Heavy prefabricated components minimised through design	No	Yes - Considered to be managed to an acceptable level if all mitigation measures outlined are correctly implemented	
Contact with Heavy Machinery	Movement of heavy machinery  Demolition activities	Construction site personnel	SiD Assessment	Fatality / injury	Managed via Concept Design Stage Preliminary Safety and Health Plan  Design developed to facilitate safe methods of work, including provision of sufficient working space	No	Yes - Considered to be managed to an acceptable level if all mitigation measures outlined are correctly implemented	
Demolition and Felling Activities	Dust generation and exposure  Falling debris, trees / branches	Construction site personnel  Members of the public	SiD Assessment	Fatality / injury	Managed via Concept Design Stage Preliminary Safety and Health Plan  Tree surveys to be undertaken  Number of trees to be removed to be minimised  Safe system of work to be implemented, including implementation and management of exclusion zones	No	Yes - Considered to be managed to an acceptable level if all mitigation measures outlined are correctly implemented	
Work which puts Persons at Risk from Chemical or Biological Substances Constituting a Particular Danger to the Safety and Health of Such Persons or Involving a Statutory Requirement for Health Monitoring	Zoonoses (e.g. Weil's disease)  Construction chemicals including bitumen, cement, road marking paints, fuel, oils, etc.  Exposure to dust, vapors, and fumes	Construction site personnel	SiD Assessment	Ill-health	Managed via Concept Design Stage Preliminary Safety and Health Plan and Construction Environmental Management Plan	No	Yes - Considered to be managed to an acceptable level if all mitigation measures outlined are correctly implemented	